Algebra

EYFS

Pattern

Continuing an AB and ABC pattern

Copying an AB pattern

Make their own AB, ABB and ABBC patterns

Spotting an error in an AB pattern and an ABB pattern

Identifying the unit of repeat

Continuing a pattern that ends mid unit

Symbolising the unit structure e.g. this is a red blue pattern or using symbols to represent the pattern Generalising structures to another context or mode – finding the rule of the pattern Making a pattern that repeats around a circle Making a pattern around a border with a fixed number of spaces

EQUATIONS								
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \Box - 9$ (copied from Addition and Subtraction) Autumn 2 Spring 1	recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and missing number problems. (copied from Addition and Subtraction) Autumn 2	solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. (copied from Addition and Subtraction) Autumn 2 solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including integer scaling (copied from Multiplication and Division) Autumn 4 Spring 1		use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles (copied from Geometry: Properties of Shapes) Summer 2	express missing number problems algebraically Spring 3			
represent and use number	recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 (copied from Addition and Subtraction) Autumn 2				find pairs of numbers that satisfy number sentences involving two unknowns Spring 3 enumerate all possibilities of			
bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 (copied from Addition and Subtraction) Autumn 2 Spring 1					combinations of two variables Spring 3			

FORMULAE								
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
			Perimeter can be expressed algebraically as $2(a + b)$		use simple formulae Spring 3			
			where a and b are the dimensions in the same unit. (Copied from NSG measurement) Autumn 3 Spring 2		recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes (copied from Measurement) Spring 5			
SEQUENCES								
sequence events in chronological order using language such as: before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening (copied from Measurement) Summer 6	compare and sequence intervals of time (copied from Measurement) <u>Summer 3</u> order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns (copied from Geometry: position and direction) <u>Spring 3</u> <u>Summer 1</u>				generate and describe linear number sequences Spring 3			